

The Skeletal System

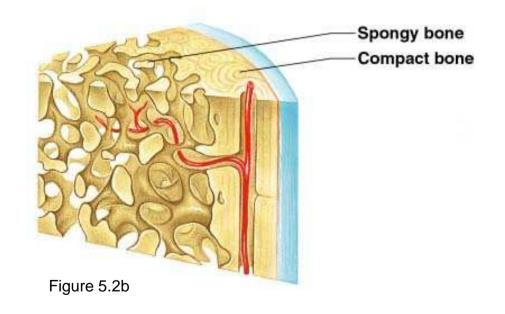
- Parts of the skeletal system
 - Bones (skeleton)
 - Joints
 - Cartilages
 - Ligaments (bone to bone)
 - Tendons (bone to muscle)
- Divided into two divisions
 - Axial skeleton- skull, spinal column
 - Appendicular skeleton limbs and girdle

Functions of Bones

- Support of the body
- Protection of soft organs
- Movement due to attached skeletal muscles
- Storage of minerals and fats
- Blood cell formation

Bones of the Human Body

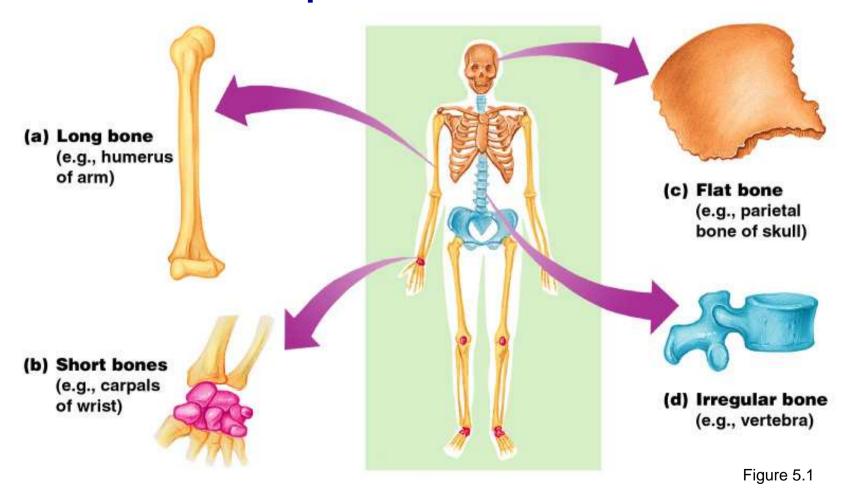
- The skeleton has 206 bones
- Two basic types of bone tissue
 - Compact bone
 - Homogeneous
 - Spongy bone
 - Small needle-like pieces of bone
 - Many open spaces



Bones are classified by their shape:

- 1. Long- bones are longer than they are wide (arms, legs)
- 2. Short- usually square in shape, cube like (wrist, ankle)
- 3. Flat- flat, curved (skull, Sternum)
- 4. Irregular- odd shapes (vertebrae, pelvis)

Classification of Bones on the Basis of Shape



Types of Bone Cells

- Osteocytes
 - Mature bone cells
- Osteoblasts
 - Bone-forming cells
- Osteoclasts
 - Bone-destroying cells
 - Break down bone matrix for remodeling and release of calcium
- Bone remodeling is a process by both osteoblasts and osteoclasts

Left Side Activity

 Draw the four types of bones and give examples of them in your body